

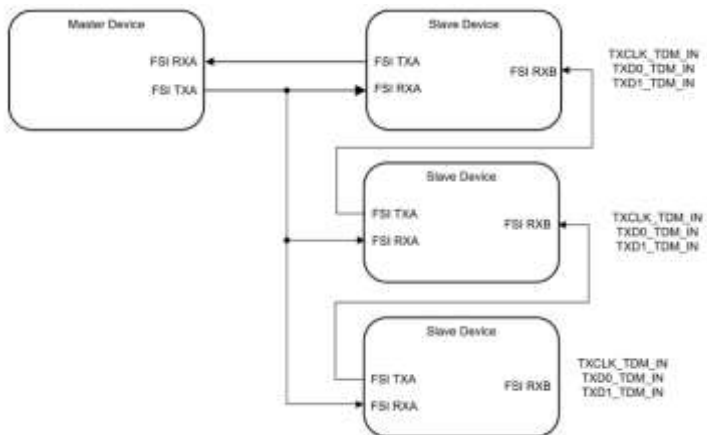
F28P55x编程实例Labs-FSI

- **Code Composer Studio**
- **C2000Ware**
- **LaunchXL-F28P55x**

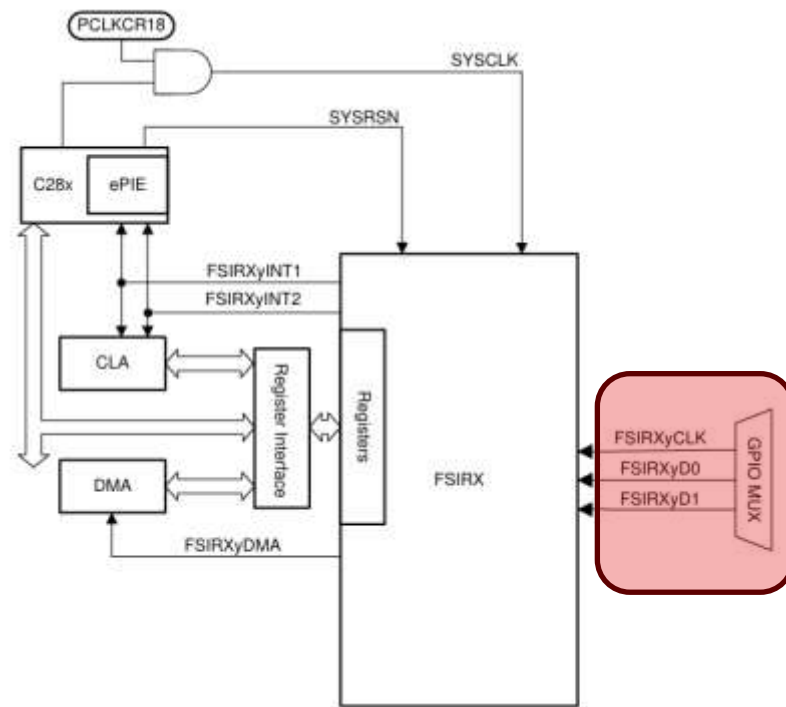
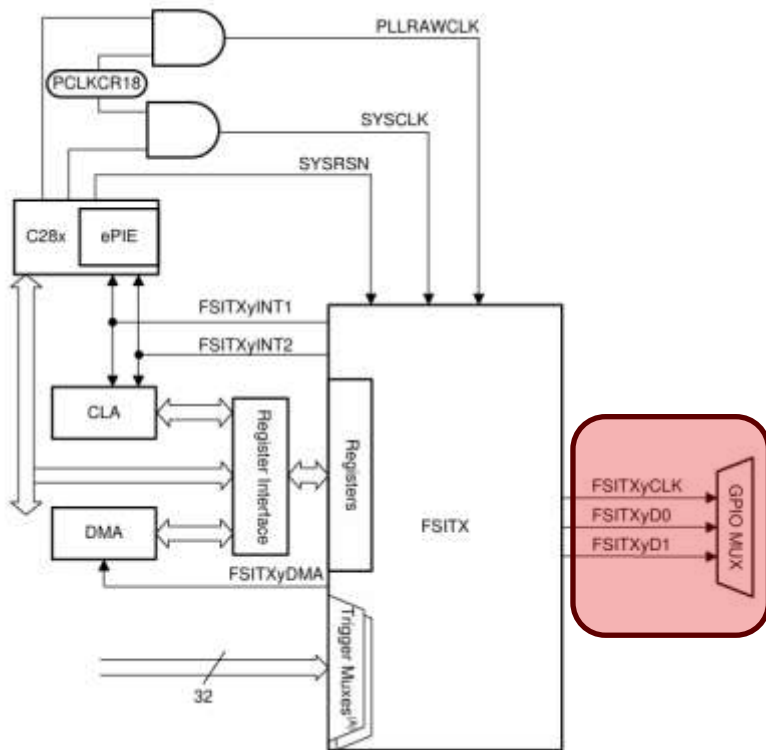
FSI

Fast Serial Interface

- 通信速率最高200Mbps
- 支持菊花链/星型多机连接拓扑
- 具有独立接收端/发送端



类星型多机通信拓扑



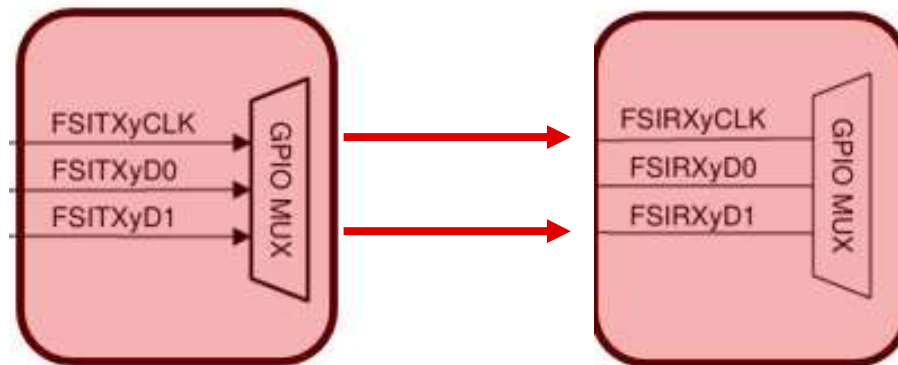
FSI

功能实现

用Sysconfig配置FSI，实现接收模块FSIRX和发送模块FSITX之间的回环(loop-back)数据通信

实现步骤

- 复制空白工程
- Sysconfig配置FSIRX
- Sysconfig配置FSITX
- Sysconfig配置GPIO驱动LED4/LED5
- 编写应用代码



配置FSIRX

The screenshot shows the configuration for a myFSIRX0 instance in the TI Configurator. The configuration is as follows:

- Name: myFSIRX0
- Use Hardware: None
- Frame Configuration:
 - Number of Data Lines: DATA WIDTH 1 LANE
 - Software Frame Size: 6-Word
- Loopback Mode:
- Tag Matching:
- Interrupts:
 - Enable Interrupt:
 - Use Interrupt: INT1; INT2
 - Enabled INT1 Interrupts: Received data frame
 - Enabled INT2 Interrupts: Hardware computed CRC error, Ping Watchdog times out +2
 - Register Interrupt Line1 Handler:
 - Register Interrupt Line2 Handler:
- Ping Timeout:
- Delay Tap Selection:
- PinMux Use Case: ALL
- PinMux Qualification: (dropdown menu)

•单线传输

•6字长度

•使能回环模式

•使能中断

配置FSIRX

PinMux Qualification

PinMux: Peripheral and Pin Configuration

FSIRX Peripheral	FSIRXA
FSIRX_D0	GPIO52/11 (FSI Header) ▲ Connected to hardware(Un-suppress)
FSIRX_D1	GPIO53/12 (FSI Header) ▲ Connected to hardware(Un-suppress)
FSIRX_CLK	GPIO54/13 (FSI Header) ▲ Connected to hardware(Un-suppress)

Rx Interrupt 1

Name	myFSIRX0_INT1
Interrupt Name	INT_myFSIRX0_1
Interrupt Handler	fsiRxInt1ISR
Enable Interrupt in PIE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Rx Interrupt 2

Name	myFSIRX0_INT2
Interrupt Name	INT_myFSIRX0_2
Interrupt Handler	fsiRxInt2ISR
Enable Interrupt in PIE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

•INT1接收中断

•INT2 超时、CRC

配置FSITX

Software + FSITX

FSITX (1 of 1 Added)

myFSITX0

Name: myFSITX0

Use Hardware: None

Clock Prescaler: 1

FSI TXCLK [MHz]: 150

Frame Configuration

Data Width: DATA WIDTH 1 LANE

Start of Transmission Mode: TX START FRAME CTRL

Initial frame type: FRAME TYPE NWORD DATA

Initial frame tag: FRAME TAG0

Software Frame Size: 6-Word

Interrupts

Enable interrupt:

Use Interrupt: INT1, INT2

Enabled INT1 Interrupts: Frame transmission done

Enabled INT2 Interrupts: Transmit buffer is overrun, Transmit buffer is underrun

Register Interrupt Line1 Handler:

Register Interrupt Line2 Handler:

Ping Timeout

Enable PING Timeout:

Select PING Timeout Mode: PINGTIMEOUT ON HWINIT PING FRAME

Select PING Timeout Delay: 65536

User CRC and ECC

User calculates CRC:

ECC Compute Width Mode: 32BIT ECC COMPUTE

•单线传输

•6字长度

•使能中断

•使能Ping超时

配置FSITX

PinMux Use Case: FSI TX Dual Dataline

PinMux Qualification

PinMux Peripheral and Pin Configuration

FSITX Peripheral	FSITXA
FSITX_D0	GPIO49/8 (FSI Header) ⚠ Connected to hardware(Un-suppress)
FSITX_D1	GPIO50/9 (FSI Header) ⚠ Connected to hardware(Un-suppress)
FSITX_CLK	GPIO44/85 (FSI Header) ⚠ Connected to hardware(Un-suppress)

Tx Interrupt 1

Name	myFSITX0_INT1
Interrupt Name	INT_myFSITX0_1
Interrupt Handler	fsiTxiInt1ISR
Enable Interrupt in PIE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Tx Interrupt 2

Name	myFSITX0_INT2
Interrupt Name	INT_myFSITX0_2
Interrupt Handler	fsiTxiInt2ISR
Enable Interrupt in PIE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

- INT1 发送中断
- INT2 Ping超时中断

配置LED

The image shows the TI Configurator interface for a LAUNCHPAD F28P55X (12). On the left, a tree view shows various components, with LED4 and LED5 highlighted in red boxes. On the right, the configuration details for LED4 and LED5 are displayed.

LED4 Configuration:

- Name: myBoardLED1_GPIOD
- Use Hardware: myBoardLED1
- Analog Mode: Pin is in digital mode
- GPIO Direction: Pin is a GPIO output
- Pin Type: Push-pull output/floating input
- Qualification Mode: Synchronization to SYSCLK
- External Interrupts: Connect to an XINT for interrupts
- Core Select: CPU1 selected as controller core
- Write Initial Value:
- Initial Value: 0: GPIO state is LOW
- PinMux: Peripheral and Pin Configuration

LED5 Configuration:

- Name: myBoardLEDD0_GPIOD
- Use Hardware: myBoardLEDD0
- GPIO: This LED is driven by a GPIO
- Name: myBoardLEDD0_GPIOD
- Use Hardware: LED5
- Analog Mode: Pin is in digital mode
- GPIO Direction: Pin is a GPIO output
- Pin Type: Push-pull output/floating input
- Qualification Mode: Synchronization to SYSCLK
- External Interrupts: Connect to an XINT for interrupts
- Core Select: CPU1 selected as controller core
- Write Initial Value:
- Initial Value: 0: GPIO state is LOW
- PinMux: Peripheral and Pin Configuration

•LED4-发送数据闪烁

•LED5-接收数据闪烁

应用代码

```
//  
// Included Files  
//  
#include "driverlib.h"  
#include "device.h"  
#include "board.h"  
  
//  
//Globals  
//  
uint16_t txBufData[16];           //used to write to FSI transmit buffer  
uint16_t rxdataArray[16];        //buffer used to access FSI receive buffer  
uint32_t dataFrameCnt = 0;       //counts how many data frames have been received  
uint16_t txEventSts = 0, rxEventSts = 0; //captures FSITX/FSIRX event status in case of error  
uint16_t txIntReceived = 0;      //flag to signal TX interrupt has occurred  
uint16_t rxIntReceived = 0;      //flag to signal RX interrupt has occurred  
uint32_t softwareTimeoutCnt = 0x100000; //software watchdog counter in case interrupts fail  
  
uint16_t txcnt = 0;  
uint16_t rxcnt = 0;
```

应用代码

```
__interrupt void fsiRxInt1ISR(void)
{
    //
    //Set flag that interrupt has occurred, capture FSIRX event status, increment data frame count.
    //
    rxIntReceived = 1;
    rxEventSts = FSI_getRxEventStatus(FSIRXA_BASE);
    dataFrameCnt++;

    //
    //Transfer data from receive buffer to array
    //
    FSI_readRxBuffer(FSIRXA_BASE, rxDataArray, myFSIRX0_nWords, 0);

    //
    //Validate that data transmitted matches data received, otherwise terminate program.
    //
    uint16_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < myFSIRX0_nWords; i++)
    {
        if(rxDataArray[i] != txBufData[i])
        {
            ESTOP0;
        }
    }
    rxcnt++;
    if(rxcnt >= 35535)
    {
        rxcnt = 0;
        GPIO_togglePin(myBoardLED0_GPIO);
    }

    //
    // Clear the interrupt flag and issue ACK
    //
    FSI_clearRxEvents(FSIRXA_BASE, rxEventSts);
    Interrupt_clearACKGroup(INT_myFSIRX0_1_INTERRUPT_ACK_GROUP);
}
```